IN THE SPECIFICATION:

The specification has been amended as follows:

Page 3, Lines 17-26, through Page 4, Lines 1-3.

The laser light emitted from a gas laser or a solid laser has a specific wavelength and it is difficult to change the wavelength. Suppose that a work has been produced from materials A and B, the material A has a high absorption coefficient for a laser light of a wavelength α, and the material B has a low absorption coefficient for the laser light. In this case, it is necessary to increase a laser power to melt the material B as well. This excessively raises the temperature of the material A and thus melts unnecessary parts of the material A. Therefore, if a hole is formed in the work, the diameter of the hole becomes ~~lager~~ larger than an intended size. This results in a problem that the processing accuracy is significantly impaired.

Page 32, Lines 15-25:

Therefore, in the present embodiment, the condenser lens ~~50~~ 505 is displaced along the optical axis according to the wavelength of a currently used laser. This makes it possible to process a work with stability by avoiding a situation where the beam waist positions of laser lights are displaced by the difference in wavelength. That is, the condenser lens 505 is supported in a movable manner and is displaced along the optical axis by the condenser lens displacing unit 506 according to the wavelength of a currently used laser light. This construction keeps the spot points of laser lights constant even if the laser lights have different wavelengths.